	23CV423435 Santa Clara – C	
1 2 3 4 5	Mark Christopher Tracy 1130 Wall St #561 La Jolla, California 92037 Eschersheimer Landstrasse 42 60322 Frankfurt am Main Germany Email: m.tracy@echo-association.com	Electronically Filed by Superior Court of CA, County of Santa Clara, on 11/22/2023 1:25 PM Reviewed By: R. Aragon Case #23CV423435 Envelope: 13673778
6 7	Telephone: +1 (929) 208-6010 +49 (0)172 838 86 37 Pro Se Plaintiff	
8	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
9	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA	
10	UNLIMITED JURISDICTION	
11	MARK CHRISTOPHER TRACY, an individual;	Case No.: 23CV423435
12	Plaintiff,	Honorable Evette D. Pennypacker [Dept. 6]
13	V.	
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	COHNE KINGHORN PC, a Utah Professional Corporation; SIMPLIFI COMPANY, a Utah Corporation; JEREMY RAND COOK, an ERIC HAWKES, an individual; JENNIFER HAWKES, an individual; MICHAEL SCOTT HUGHES, an individual; DAVID BRADFORD, an individual; KEM CROSBY GARDNER, an individual; WALTER J. PLUMB III, an individual; DAVID BENNION, an individual; R. STEVE CREAMER, an individual PAUL BROWN, an individual; GARY BOWEN, an individual,	MEMORANDUM AND POINTS OF AUTHORITY IN SUPPORT OF OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO QUASH SERVICE OF PROCESS FOR LACK OF PERSONAL JURISDICTION AND INCONVENIENT FORUM; Date of Hearing: Unspecified Time: Unspecified Action Filed: September 21, 2023 Trial Date: TBD
21	Defendants.	
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23	I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>	
24		submits this opposition to Defendant Paul Brown's
25 26	motion to quash service of the complaint and summons for lack of personal jurisdiction and inconvenient	
26	forum pursuant to California Rules of Civil Procedure §1408(a) subsections (1) and (2) ("Defendant	
27	Brown" and the "Motion").	
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Defendant Brown argues that the Complaint alleges facts occurring "exclusively" outside the forum state and because the Defendant does not have any residential or business connection in the State of California, under requirements of traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice, this Court lacks specific personal jurisdiction.

Defendant Brown further contends that because all defendants are Utah residents, and no citizens of California would benefit from the instant action, this Court should exercise its discretional power and decline jurisdiction under the grounds of inconvenient forum pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure § 418.10(2).

These arguments fail.

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Specially, the Motion is without evidentiary basis as the factual representations submitted to the Court are inadmissible heresy as Defendant Brown and legal counsel Attorney Miguel E. Mendez-Pintado failed to execute declarations within the forum state or under penalty of perjury pursuant to the laws of the State of California.

Next, because the Notice of Motion failed to record a hearing date within 30 days pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure § 418.10(2), Plaintiff's right to a timely hearing has been violated and the Motion must be denied.¹

II. BACKGROUND

Plaintiff Mark Christopher Tracy is a California resident and federal whistleblower in what has been alleged to be the longest and most lucrative water grabs in the history of the State of Utah perpetuated for the economic benefit of private land-developers including Defendant Brown at the cost of California citizens and residents. Compl. ¶ 1.

Specially, for the past 40 years, and continuing to the present day unabated, a renowned Salt Lake City law firm acting on behalf of a Utah special service water district and Defendant Brown perpetuated a fraudulent scheme to retire senior perfected water rights vis-a-vis duplicitous water claims

¹ Contrary to Defendant Brown's representations, a cursory review of the Complaint reveals allegations of tortious conduct occurring both within and directed towards the forum state including intended injury resulting in California. Moreover, because the Complaint alleges an ongoing fraud against citizens of California for the economic benefit of the Defendants, there is an overwhelming public interest in proper adjudication of the Complaint and the Motion should be denied in its entirety.

MEMORANDUM AND POINTS OF AUTHORITY IN SUPPORT OF OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO QUASH AND DISMISS

stripped from the only active federal military cemetery created by an Act of Congress, signed into law by United States President Ulysses S. Grant in 1874, subject to the reversionary interest to be "forever used for the burial of the dead," but however misappropriated for the construction and massive expansion of a luxurious private urban development marketed and sold to unsuspecting California residents as the "Bel Air of Salt Lake City." Compl. ¶ 2.

In furtherance of this ongoing fraud, and to secure continued payment of monies from property owners residing in Venice, Rancho Cucamonga, Corona Del Mar, Coto de Caza, Mountain View, San Rafael, Bayside, Loomis, and San Diego, California, Defendants miscited and withheld expert hydrology reports expressly warning against aquifer depletion via operation of large-diameter commercial wells of a public drinking-water system, while simultaneously concealing governmental records evidencing extensive lead contamination and inadequate emergency-fire protection in a small mountain community especially prone to wild-fire fatalities. Compl. ¶ 3.

However, when suppression of expert studies and public records proved futile, Defendants resorted to a collaborative smear campaign publishing false and defamatory statements on the world-wide web via a server located in San Jose, California under the slogan "STAY INFORMED – GET THE FACTS!" (emphasis in original). Compl. ¶¶ 4, 20.

III. ARGUMENT

A. Defendant Brown's Motion Fails to Comply with the Requirements Section 1408(b).

Pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure §1408(a), a defendant may, on or before the last day of the time to plead, may serve and file motion to quash the service of summons or dismiss the action on grounds of inconvenient forum. However, under subsection (b) "[t]he notice *shall* designate, as the time for making the motion, a date not more than 30 days after filing of the notice" (emphasis added).

In the instant action, Defendant Brown served the Plaintiff Mark Christopher Tracy a notice to quash service and summons for lack of personal jurisdiction, or in the alternative, an inconvenient forum with the date, time and place of the hearing left blank. (Declaration of Mark Christopher Tracy ("Tracy Decl."), ¶ 3, Exhibit A).

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The Motion is clearly filed in bad faith as a delaying tactic in that it is not calendared and must be denied in its entirety.

B. Defendant Brown's Motion Is Without Factual Basis and Must Be Denied.

In order to enhance the reliability of declarations used as hearsay evidence by disclosing the criminal sanction for dishonesty, California Code of Civil Procedure § 2015.5 requires that the document must either reveal a "place of execution" within California or recite that it is made "under the laws of the State of California." Factual representations that fail to meet these requirements must be excluded as heresy and cannot be used as evidence. *Kulshrestha v. First Union Commercial Corp.*, (2004) 33 Cal. 4th 601, 610.

The Declaration of Defendant Brown ("Brown Decl."), signed on November 20, 2023, and the subsequent Amended Declaration ("Brown Amended Decl.") executed the following day record the location of Salt Lake City, Utah under penalty of perjury pursuant to the laws of Utah and is thus inadmissible. (Def. Motion, Brown Decl. ¶ 4; Def. Motion, Amend Brown Decl. ¶ 4.)

Likewise, the Declaration of Miguel Mendez-Pintado ("Mendez-Pintado Decl."), signed on November 21, 2023, in Seattle, Washington and executed under penalty of perjury under the laws of Washington and is likewise inadmissible and cannot be used as evidence. (Def. Motion, Mendez-Pintado Decl. ¶ 4.)

As the Motion lacks any factual basis for its arguments, it must be denied.

C. Service of Process Complies with Statutory Standards and Is Proper.

Defendant Brown was properly served on October 19, 2023 at 8:11 PM MDT by a Registered Process Server as documented by the proof of service filed with the Court on November 6, 2023. Tracy Decl. ¶ 4, Exhibit B. Said proof of service complies with all statutory standards and thus creates a rebuttable presumption that service was proper.

IV. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

Based on the foregoing reasons, Plaintiff Mark Christopher Tracy respectfully requests that the Court deny Defendant Brown's motion to quash service of process for lack of personal jurisdiction as Defendant Brown has failed to comply with Section 1408(b), and has offered this Court no admissible evidence why this action should be heard in a forum outside of the State of California.

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4	DATED: November 22, 2023 By:
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	MEMORANDUM AND POINTS OF AUTHORITY IN SUPPORT OF OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO QUASH AND DISMISS